

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

STATE ELECTION Tuesday, November 3, 2020

	Precincts								TOTALS
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	
Total Registered Voters	1652	2262	2372	1860	2956	2377	2687	2550	18716
Total Votes Cast	1149	1720	1834	1323	2512	1856	2237	2045	14676
Percent of Ballots Cast	69.6%	76.0%	77.3%	71.1%	85.0%	78.1%	83.3%	80.2%	78.4%

ELECTORS OF PRESIDENT AND VICE PRESIDENT

		Vote for ONE							
BIDEN and HARRIS	Democratic	692	1016	1030	774	1479	1132	1294	8700
HAWKINS and WALKER	Green-Rainbow	7	8	12	8	13	8	9	78
JORGENSEN and COHEN	Libertarian	18	23	21	11	26	25	31	184
TRUMP and PENCE	Republican	427	655	746	520	955	674	869	5544
Write-in		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CARROLL and PATEL		0	0	0	0	3	0	1	5
CELLA and CELLA		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DESCOTEAUX and ADAMS		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SIMONS and ROZE		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
WELLS and WELLS		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ALL OTHERS		2	8	15	4	14	9	10	69
Blanks		3	10	10	6	22	8	23	96
TOTAL		1149	1720	1834	1323	2512	1856	2237	14676
		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	14676

SENATOR IN CONGRESS

		Vote for ONE							
EDWARD J. MARKEY	Democratic 7 Townsend St., Malden Candidate for Re-election	688	1051	1051	807	1451	1136	1264	8731
KEVIN J. O'CONNOR	Republican 55 Glen St., Dover	423	613	735	467	989	660	906	5479
Write-in		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DR. SHIVA		5	12	5	12	16	8	11	80
ALL OTHERS		3	2	3	2	2	6	2	24
Blanks		30	42	40	35	54	46	54	362
TOTAL		1149	1720	1834	1323	2512	1856	2237	14676
		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	14676

REPRESENTATIVE IN CONGRESS

		Vote for ONE							
FOURTH DISTRICT									
JAKE AUCHINCLOSS	Democratic 1 Salisbury Rd, Newton	629	963	944	721	1303	1040	1190	7953
JULIE A. HALL	Republican 140 North Main St., Attleboro	454	661	782	502	1065	731	953	5922
Write-in		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ALL OTHERS		1	2	2	6	2	2	1	17
Blanks		65	94	106	94	142	83	93	784
TOTAL		1149	1720	1834	1323	2512	1856	2237	14676
		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	14676

COUNCILLOR

		Vote for ONE							
SEVENTH DISTRICT									
PAUL M. DePALO	Democratic 7 Underwood St., Worcester	828	1210	1277	941	1718	1362	1534	10358
Write-in		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
PETER STEFAN		0	0	0	0	0	2	0	2
ALL OTHERS		9	23	14	16	24	10	20	128
Blanks		312	487	543	366	770	482	683	4188
TOTAL		1149	1720	1834	1323	2512	1856	2237	14676
		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	14676

SENATOR IN GENERAL COURT

		Vote for ONE							
WORCESTER & NORFOLK DISTRICT									
RYAN C. FATTMAN	Republican 5 Maple Ln., Sutton Candidate for Re-election	517	800	905	590	1322	845	1156	7102
CHRISTINE CREAN	Democratic 22 Godfrey Ln., Milford	595	849	838	676	1092	934	1010	6984
Write-in		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ALL OTHERS		0	0	2	2	2	3	2	13
Blanks		37	71	89	55	96	74	69	577
TOTAL		1149	1720	1834	1323	2512	1856	2237	14676

REPRESENTATIVE IN GENERAL COURT

TENTH WORCESTER DISTRICT

Vote for ONE

[illegible]

REGISTER OF PROBATE

WORCESTER COUNTY

Vote for ONE

STEPHANIE K. FATTMAN 5 Maple Ln., Sutton	Republican Candidate for Re-election	492	761	875	584	1285	826	1124	887	6834
JOHN B. DOLAN, III 19 Sorrento St., Worcester	Democratic	502	752	717	562	951	819	862	913	6078
Write-in		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ALL OTHERS		2	2	2	2	0	1	0	0	9
Blanks		153	205	240	175	276	210	251	245	1755
TOTAL		1149	1720	1834	1323	2512	1856	2237	2045	14676
		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	14676

QUESTION 1: Motor Vehicle Mechanical Data

YES	792	1182	1261	901	1770	1298	1605	1425	10234
NO	306	467	485	360	658	494	570	542	3882
BLANKS	51	71	88	62	84	64	62	78	560
TOTAL	1149	1720	1834	1323	2512	1856	2237	2045	14676
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	14676

QUESTION 2: Ranked-Choice Voting

YES	447	656	684	531	860	669	809	760	5416
NO	649	975	1056	713	1538	1109	1360	1184	8584
BLANKS	53	89	94	79	114	78	68	101	676
TOTAL	1149	1720	1834	1323	2512	1856	2237	2045	14676
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	14676

QUESTION 1: Motor Vehicle Mechanical Data

Do you approve of a law summarized below, on which no vote was taken by the Senate or the House of Representatives on or before May 5, 2020?

SUMMARY

This proposed law would require that motor vehicle owners and independent repair facilities be provided with expanded access to mechanical data related to vehicle maintenance and repair.

Starting with model year 2022, the proposed law would require manufacturers of motor vehicles sold in Massachusetts to equip any such vehicles that use telematics systems — systems that collect and wirelessly transmit mechanical data to a remote server — with a standardized open access data platform. Owners of motor vehicles with telematics systems would get access to mechanical data through a mobile device application. With vehicle owner authorization, independent repair facilities (those not affiliated with a manufacturer) and independent dealerships would be able to retrieve mechanical data from, and send commands to, the vehicle for repair, maintenance, and diagnostic testing.

Under the proposed law, manufacturers would not be allowed to require authorization before owners or repair facilities could access mechanical data stored in a motor vehicle's on-board diagnostic system, except through an authorization process standardized across all makes and models and administered by an entity unaffiliated with the manufacturer.

The proposed law would require the Attorney General to prepare a notice for prospective motor vehicle owners and lessees explaining telematics systems and the proposed law's requirements concerning access to the vehicle's mechanical data. Under the proposed law, dealers would have to provide prospective owners with, and prospective owners would have to acknowledge receipt of, the notice before buying or leasing a vehicle. Failure to comply with these notice requirements would subject motor vehicle dealers to sanctions by the applicable licensing authority.

Motor vehicle owners and independent repair facilities could enforce this law through state consumer protection laws and recover civil penalties of the greater of treble damages or \$10,000 per violation.

QUESTION 2: Ranked-Choice Voting

Do you approve of a law summarized below, on which no vote was taken by the Senate or the House of Representatives on or before May 5, 2020?

SUMMARY

This proposed law would implement a voting system known as "ranked-choice voting," in which voters rank one or more candidates by order of preference. Ranked-choice voting would be used in primary and general elections for all Massachusetts statewide offices, state legislative offices, federal congressional offices, and certain other offices beginning in 2022. Ranked-choice voting would not be used in elections for president, county commissioner, or regional district school committee member.

Under the proposed law, votes would be counted in a series of rounds. In the first round, if one candidate received more than 50 percent of the first-place votes, that candidate would be declared the winner and no other rounds would be necessary. If no candidate received more than 50 percent of the first-place votes, then the candidate or candidates who received the fewest first-place votes would be eliminated and, in the next round, each vote for an eliminated candidate would instead be counted toward the next highest-ranked candidate on that voter's ballot. Depending on the number of candidates, additional rounds of counting could occur, with the last-place candidate or candidates in each round being eliminated and the votes for an eliminated candidate going to the voter's next choice out of the remaining candidates. A tie for last place in any round would be broken by comparing the tied candidates' support in earlier rounds. Ultimately, the candidate who was, out of the remaining candidates, the preference of a majority of voters would be declared the winner.

Ranked-choice voting would be used only in races where a single candidate is to be declared the winner and not in races where more than one person is to be elected.

Under the proposed law, if no candidate received more than 50 percent of first-place votes in the first round, the rounds of ballot-counting necessary for ranked-choice voting would be conducted at a central tabulation facility. At the facility, voters' rankings would be entered into a computer, which would then be used to calculate the results of each round of the counting process. The proposed law provides that candidates in a statewide or district election would have at least three days to request a recount.

The Secretary of State would be required to issue regulations to implement the proposed law and conduct a voter education campaign about the ranked-choice voting process. The proposed law would take effect on January 1, 2022.